IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend Claims 2, 5, 21, 36, 52, 56, 58, and 62 as follows, without prejudice to or disclaimer of the subject matter therein. Please add Claims 69-71.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Previously Presented) An isolated DNA molecule comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase from a dicamba-degrading bacterium, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase has a subunit molecular mass of about 40kD, comprises an iron-sulfur cluster, and catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 2. (Currently Amended) An isolated DNA molecule comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4;
 - b) a fragment of SEQ ID NO:4 that has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA); and
 - c) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having an amino acid sequence which is at least about 65% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3.6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 3. (Previously Presented) The DNA molecule of Claim 2 comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A DNA construct comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase from a bacterium that degrades dicamba operatively linked to expression control sequences, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase has a subunit molecular mass of about 40kD, comprises an iron-sulfur cluster, and catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).

- 5. (Currently Amended) A DNA construct comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase operatively linked to expression control sequences, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4;
 - b) a fragment of SEQ ID NO:4 that has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA); and
 - c) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having an amino acid sequence which is at least about 65% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 6. (Original) The DNA construct of Claim 5 comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3.
 - 7. (Previously Presented) The DNA construct of Claim 5 which is a vector.
 - 8-20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Currently Amended) A transgenic host cell comprising DNA encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase, said DNA being operatively linked to expression control sequences;

wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4;
- b) a fragment of SEQ ID NO:4 that has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA); and
- c) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having an amino acid sequence which is at least about 65% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 22. (Previously Presented) The transgenic host cell of Claim 21 wherein the DNA encodes a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4.

- 23. (Original) The transgenic host cell of Claim 22 wherein the DNA comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The transgenic host cell of Claim 21 or 58 which is a plant cell.

25-35. (Cancelled)

36. (Currently Amended) A transgenic plant or part of a <u>said transgenic</u> plant comprising one or more cells comprising DNA encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase, said DNA being operatively linked to expression control sequences;

wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4;
- b) a fragment of SEQ ID NO:4 that has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3.6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA); and
- c) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having an amino acid sequence which is at least about 65% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3.6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 37. (Previously Presented) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 36 wherein the DNA encodes a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 37 wherein the DNA comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 36 wherein the plant is a broadleaf plant which is tolerant to dicamba as a result of the expression of the dicamba-degrading oxygenase and the plant part is a part of a broadleaf plant which is tolerant to dicamba as a result of the expression of the dicamba-degrading oxygenase.

40-43. (Cancelled)

44. (Previously Presented) A method of controlling weeds in a field containing a transgenic plant according to any one of Claims 36-39, 61-62 or 64-65 comprising applying an amount of dicamba to the field effective to control the weeds in the field.

45-46. (Cancelled)

47. (Previously Presented) A method of selecting transformed plant cells comprising:

providing a population of plant cells;

transforming at least some of the plant cells in the population of plant cells with the DNA construct according to any one of Claims 4-7, 54-56 or 66; and

selecting the transformed plant cells by culturing the resulting population of plant cells in a culture medium containing dicamba at a concentration selected so that transformed plant cells proliferate and untransformed plant cells do not proliferate.

48. (Previously Presented) A method of selecting transformed plants comprising: providing a population of plants which comprises one or more plants comprising the DNA construct according to any one of Claims 4-7, 54-56 or 66; and

selecting transformed plants by applying an amount of dicamba to the population of plants selected so that transformed plants grow, and growth of untransformed plants is inhibited.

- 49. (Cancelled)
- 50. (Previously Presented) The DNA molecule of Claim 1 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a *Pseudomonas* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The DNA molecule of Claim 1 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a *Pseudomonas maltophilia* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 52. (Currently Amended) The DNA molecule of Claim 2 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase which is at least about 85% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).

- 53. (Previously Presented) The DNA molecule of Claim 2 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The DNA construct of Claim 4 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a *Pseudomonas* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The DNA construct of Claim 4 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a *Pseudomonas maltophilia* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 56. (Currently Amended) The DNA construct of Claim 5 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase which is at least about 85% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 57. (Previously Presented) The DNA construct of Claim 5 comprising a DNA sequence encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4.
- 58. (Currently Amended) The transgenic host cell of Claim 21 wherein the DNA encodes a dicamba-degrading oxygenase which is at least about 85% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 59. (Previously Presented) A transgenic host cell comprising DNA encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase from a bacterium that degrades dicamba, said DNA being operatively linked to expression control sequences, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase has a subunit molecular mass of about 40kD, comprises an iron-sulfur cluster, and catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 60. (Previously Presented) The transgenic host cell of Claim 59 wherein the DNA encodes a *Pseudomonas* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 61. (Previously Presented) The transgenic host cell of Claim 59 wherein the DNA encodes a *Pseudomonas maltophilia* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 62. (Currently Amended) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 36 wherein the DNA encodes a dicamba-degrading oxygenase which is at least about 85% identical to

the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 and which has dicamba-degrading oxygenase activity catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).

- 63. (Previously Presented) A transgenic plant or part of a <u>said transgenic</u> plant comprising one or more cells comprising DNA encoding a dicamba-degrading oxygenase from a bacterium that degrades dicamba, said DNA being operatively linked to expression control sequences, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase has a subunit molecular mass of about 40kD, comprises an iron-sulfur cluster, and catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 64. (Previously Presented) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 63 wherein the DNA encodes a *Pseudomonas* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 65. (Previously Presented) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 63 wherein the DNA encodes a *Pseudomonas maltophilia* dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
- 66. (Previously Presented) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 63 wherein the plant is a broadleaf plant which is tolerant to dicamba as a result of the expression of the dicamba-degrading oxygenase and the plant part is a part of a broadleaf plant which is tolerant to dicamba as a result of the expression of the dicamba-degrading oxygenase.
 - 67. (Previously Presented) The DNA construct of Claim 4 which is a vector.
- 68. (Previously Presented) The isolated DNA molecule of Claim 1, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase has a K_m for dicamba of about $10\mu M$ and has a V_{max} of approximately 100-110 nmol/min/mg.
- 69. (Added) The isolated DNA molecule of Claim 2, wherein said dicambadegrading oxygenase is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4; and
 - b) a fragment of SEQ ID NO:4 that catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 70. (Added) The transgenic host cell of Claim 21, wherein said dicamba-degrading oxygenase is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4; and
- b) a fragment of SEQ ID NO:4 that catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).
- 71. (Added) The transgenic plant or plant part of Claim 36, wherein said dicambadegrading oxygenase is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a dicamba-degrading oxygenase having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4; and
 - b) a fragment of SEQ ID NO:4 that catalyzes the oxidation of dicamba to 3,6-dichlorsalicylic acid (DCSA).